OPERATING MANUAL

MHS-3200A Dual-channel DDS Signal Generator

Unpacking

When you get a new MHS-3200A Series dual-channel DDS signal generator, it is recommended that you follow these steps to inspect the instrument.

1. Check for transportation damage caused.

Such as packing or bubble bag cushions serious damage, keep them until the machine and accessories passed the test.

2. Check the box in the article are complete.

The package contents as described below. If the content does not match or if the instrument is damaged, contact your dealer or manufacturer.

Host computer:	MHS-3200A Series dual-channel DDS signal generator	1
Accessory:	Power Adapter	1
	USB cable	1
	Signal connection cable	2
	User Manual (pdf version)	1

3. Check the machine

Inspect the instrument is damaged, not working properly, or fails performance tests, please contact your dealer or the Company.

1.Outline

1-1. The instrument Introduction

MHS-3200A series instruments using large scale integrated circuits and high-speed FPGA MCU microprocessor, the internal circuit to take surface mount technology has greatly enhanced the instrument's noise immunity and service life. Display interface using LC1602 LCD display is divided into two lines, the top line shows the current frequency, the following line displays additional parameters or function variable and flexible use of flip key setting, greatly enhances the operability. This instrument signal generation, waveform scanning, as well as the use of parameter measurement has great advantages, is an electronic engineer, electronic laboratories, production lines and teaching, research and the ideal test, measurement equipment.

Model Description

This series of instruments in four models, the main difference is the maximum frequency sine wave, as follows:

MHS-3200-06M sinusoidal signals at frequencies up to	6MHz
MHS-3200-12M sinusoidal signals at frequencies up to	12MHz
MHS-3200-20M sinusoidal signals at frequencies up to	20MHz
MHS-3200-25M sinusoidal signals at frequencies up to	25MHz

The instrument characteristics

1. Direct digital synthesis (DDS) technology, FPGA design, low power consumption;

2. Dual output, can work in sync phase adjustable;

3. It has up to 500 seconds of linear and logarithmic sweep function Sweep;

4 With a sine wave, triangle wave, square wave, sawtooth rise, falling sawtooth waveform basic function and variable duty cycle pulse wave,

5. A total of 10 sets of parameters stored bits have $M0 \sim M9$, M0 boot automatically transferred out of data;

6. At 12MHz or less, the sharpest of up to 15Vp-p, more than 12MHz, the biggest reach 8Vp-p;

7. Built precision -20dB attenuator reach the minimum amplitude resolution 1mV;

- 8. With a 120% ~ + 120% DC bias function;
- 9、Pulse Duty precise adjustment to 0.1%;
- 10、 Having four variable phase difference of TTL output;

11. Having a frequency measurement, period measurement, positive and negative pulse width measurement, duty cycle measurements and counting function;

12. Four optional gate frequency measurement time, which strike a balance between speed and accuracy;

13、 All parametric equalizer can be done by an internal calibration procedure;

14. Powerful communications features, completely open communication protocol that

allows the secondary development of very simple;

15. This type machine can be equipped with an increase in power module, the signal output amplitude reaches 30Vpp, the maximum output current reaches 1A;

Table 1-1 MHS-3200A Series Specifications					
Project		Parameters			
		Sine wave	Normal mode: MHS-3200-06M: 0Hz~6MHz; MHS-3200-12M: 0Hz~12MHz; MHS-3200-20M: 0Hz~20MHz; MHS-3200-25M: 0Hz~25MHz。		
		Square wave	0Hz~6MHz		
	Frequency	Triangle wave	0Hz~6MHz		
	Range	Sawtooth	0Hz~6MHz		
		Arbitrary Waveform	0Hz~6MHz		
Key		TTLDigital signal wave	0Hz~6MHz		
Features	Output modulation	Frequency sweep			
	Waveform types	Sine, square, tria	angle, sawtooth lift, TTL digital signal wave,		
	Waveform Length	1024 Point			
	Sampling rate	200MSa/s			
	Waveform amplitude resolution	8bits			
	The minimum frequency	10mHz			

Technical indicators

Table 1-1 MHS-3200A Series Specifications

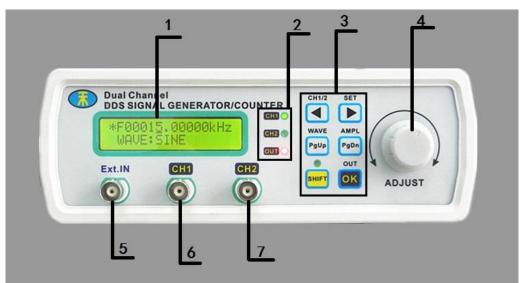
	resolution]			
	Frequency error	±5×10 ⁻⁶			
	Frequency stability				
	Amplitude range (peak to peak)	15mVp-p~15Vp-p(12MHz or less) 15mVp-p~8Vp-p(12MHz above)			
	Output Impedance				
	Amplitude resolution	1mVp-p (-20dBAttenuation) 10mVp-p (Does not decay)			
	Amplitude stability	$\pm 0.5\%$ (Every five hours)			
	Amplitude error	\pm 1%+10mV (Frequency1KHz, 15 Vp-p)			
	Offset Range	-120% ~+120% (The ratio of the bias voltage and signal amplitude)			
	Bias Resolution	1%			
	Phase range	0~359°			
	Phase resolution	1°			
Sine wave	Harmonic arrived System	40dBc(<1MHz),35dBc(1MHz~20MHz)			
	Distortion	<0.8%(20Hz~20KHz)			
	Lifting along time	≤20ns			
Square wave	Overshoot	≤10%			
	Duty cycle adjustment range	0%~99.9%			
	Lifting along time	≤20ns			
TTL	LOW	<0.3V			
	High	1V~7.5V			
	Scan Mode	Linear sweep, log sweep			
Scan	Scan time	1S~500S			
	Scan range	It is determined by the sweep parameter settings			
	Frequency range	GATE-TIME=10S 0.1HZ - 60MHZ GATE-TIME=1S 1HZ - 60MHZ GATE-TIME=0.1S 10HZ - 60MHZ GATE-TIME=0.01S 100HZ - 60MHZ			
	Input voltage range	0.5Vp-p~20Vp-p			
External measurements	Counting range	0~4294967295			
	Counting	Manually			
	Positive and negative pulse width measurement	10ns resolution, the maximum measurable 10s			
	magui cillent	1			

	Periodic measurements	20ns resolution, the maximum measurable 20s			
	Duty Cycle Measurement	0.1% resolution, measuring range from 0.1% to 99.9%			
	Source Selection	1.Ext.IN input (AC signal), 2.TTL_IN input (digital signal)			
Mamauri	Memory	10			
Memory	Location	M0-M9			
	Interface	Using USB to serial interfaces			
Interface	Communication rate	57600bps			
	Protocol	Using the command line, the agreement public			
Power supply	DC	DC 5V			
Size	Length × width × height	180×190×71mm			
Weight	Single	546g			

Instrument Description

1, Panel

MHS-3200A Appearance Figure 2-1 shows the description of the parts as shown in Table 2-1.Figure 2-1 MHS3200A panel



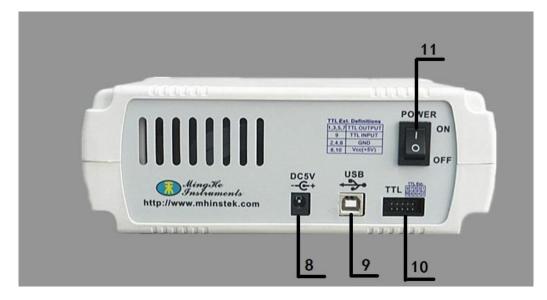


Table 2-1 MHS3200A Panel

Grade	Explanation	Grade	Explanation
1	LCD1602	7	CH2 output interface
2	Status Indicator	8	DV5V power input
3	Operation buttons	9	USB

4	Knob	10	TTL input / output
5	Ext.In input interface	10	interfaceinterface
6	CH1 output interface	11	Switch

2、 Ribbon Description

LCD instrument display is divided into two functional areas, as shown in Figure 2-2, description of the parts shown in Table 2-2.

Figure 2-2 MHS3200A schematic display



Table 2-2 MHS3200A Ribbon Description

Grade	Ribbon Description
1	Frequency Display
2	Operation Feature Tip

3、Key Functions

CH1/2	Cursor left adjustable parameters of the step value
SET	Move the cursor right step to reduce the adjusted parameter value
WAVE PgUp	Page Up key function selection
AMPL PgDn	Function selection Page down
ΟΚ	OK button
	Channel switch (CH1 \ CH2)
	Switching position, when the "*" when the "*" second line adjustment options to adjust the frequency of the first line,
SHIFT + PgUp	Click this button to quickly enter a combination of waveform adjustment
SHIFT + PgDn	Click this button to quickly enter a combination of amplitude modulation

Instructions

Power

1. Access 5V supply. You can use the box to configure oriented instrument powered

DC5V power adapter.

2. Enter the main interface.

Instructions

This section will detail how to operate the instrument. It should be noted that, similar to the instrument channel CH1 CH2 channel with which the operating instructions section 1-6 also apply to CH2 channel.

1. Set the CH1 waveform



Drawing 2-3

In the main interface shown in Figure 2-3, when the "*" in the first line, OUT OKBond Adjust the output waveform type, the output waveform types are sine, square, triangle, rising sawtooth, descending sawtooth wave and a 16-Group on Arbitrary,Press OKKey it is possible to return ahead of the original set of waveform, If you want to quickly adjust the output waveform can click HIFT + Pgup, Then a

"*" to switch to the second row, rotating "ADJUST" knob, you can quickly switch the output waveform types.

2、Set the CH1 frequency

In the main interface, shown in Figure 2-4 when the "*" in the first line,By

adjusting $\operatorname{\mathsf{I}}^{\operatorname{CH1/2}}$ or $\operatorname{\mathsf{I}}^{\operatorname{SET}}$ Move the cursor to adjust the frequency step size, Then to adjust the frequency of the output waveform by rotating the "ADJUST" knob.

*F000<u>2</u>0.0000kHz WAVE:SQUARE

图 2-4

3、Setting the amplitude of CH1

In the main interface, $\operatorname{Press}^{\operatorname{SHIFT}} + \operatorname{PgDn}^{\operatorname{PgDn}}$ Button after, The magnitude of the interface will appear in a cursor set, $\operatorname{Click}^{\operatorname{CH1/2}}$ or Button , It is possible to move the cursor position, rotate "ADJUST" knob to adjust the amplitude of the output waveform, as shown below:

*F00020.0000kHz WAVE: 05.<u>0</u>0V

Drawing 2-5

Wherein, 05.00V refers peak to peak. In this range setting function mode, the maximum amplitude of 15V, minimum 0.15V, the minimum step value 0.01 (10mV); as shown in a state 2-6, Press OK-20dB Attenuation state of the incoming signal, the output signal of a maximum of 1.500V, the minimum value of 0.015V, the minimum step is 0.001V (1mV).

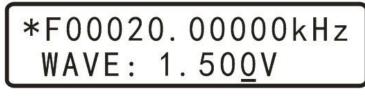
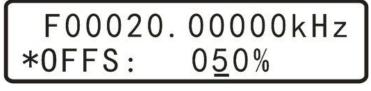


图 2-6

4、Setting bias of CH1

In the main interface, $\operatorname{Press}^{\operatorname{PgUp}} \operatorname{pl}^{\operatorname{PgDn}}$, Adjusted to offset adjustment options shown in Figure 2-7, Then click $\operatorname{SHIFT} + \operatorname{I}^{\operatorname{SET}}$, The "*" are switched to the second row, Click $\operatorname{I}^{\operatorname{CH1/2}}$ or $\operatorname{I}^{\operatorname{SET}}$ To move the cursor, Then"ADJUST" knob to adjust the offset parameter.



Drawing 2-7

5、Duty cycle setting CH1

In the main interface, $\operatorname{Press}^{\operatorname{PgUp}}\operatorname{or}^{\operatorname{PgDn}}$, Adjusted to duty cycle adjustment options shown in Figure 2-8, Then click $\operatorname{SHIFT}^{\operatorname{SET}}$, The "*" are switched to the second row, click $\operatorname{SET}^{\operatorname{CH1/2}}$ or $\operatorname{SET}^{\operatorname{SET}}$ To move the cursor, Then"ADJUST" knob to adjust the offset parameter.

Drawing2-8

5. Setting the phase difference between the two channels

In the main interface, $\operatorname{Press}^{\operatorname{Pgup}}\operatorname{or}^{\operatorname{Pgup}}$, Adjusting the phase adjustment options shown in Figure 2-9, Then click $\operatorname{SHIFT} + \operatorname{I}^{\operatorname{SET}}$, The "*" are switched to the second row, Click $\operatorname{I}^{\operatorname{CH1/2}}$ or $\operatorname{I}^{\operatorname{SET}}$ To move the cursor, Then"ADJUST" knob to adjust the bias parameter, you need special note is the phase difference only in the same frequency CH1 and CH2 frequency when it makes sense.

F00020.0000kHz *PHASE: 18<u>0</u>°

Drawing 2-9

6. Setting the display unit of frequency

In the main interface, $\operatorname{Press}^{\operatorname{PgUp}}\operatorname{or}^{\operatorname{PgDn}}$, Adjusted to the frequency display unit adjustment options shown in Figure 2-9, Then click $\operatorname{SHIFT} + \operatorname{I}^{\operatorname{SET}}$, The "*" are switched to the second row, Then click $\operatorname{OK}^{\operatorname{OUT}}$ Switching frequency units Hz, kHz, MHz.

F00000020.00Hz *FREQ-UNIT:Hz

图 2-10

7、Tracking

Tracking function is used to synchronize the frequency of CH2 to CH1, and users can set the amplitude of the tracking and duty track, In the main interface,

F0000020.00Hz *TRACE:ON

Drawing 2-11

8. External signal input port selection

Select the input signal Ext.IN for input AC signal, Select TTL.IN for selecting the input digital signal wave. In the main interface, Press Pgup or PgDn, Adjust to the input port selection page, Then click FHFT + F, The "*" are switched to the second row, Then click OK Key switch input port selection Ext.IN or TTL.IN.



图 2-12

9. Measurement function

In selecting the input source later, the input signal can be measured a variety of parameters.

(1) In the main interface, Press Pgup or PgDn, Adjusted to the measurement function selection page shown in Figure 2-13, Then click HIFT + I, The "*" are switched to the second row, Then click OK Bond Switch the output port selection measurement object. FREQ. (Frequency), COUNTR(Counting function), POS-PW(+ Width), NEG-PW(Negative Pulse Width), PERIOD(Cycle), DUTY (Duty cycle).

F00000020.00Hz *MSR-MODE:POS-PW

АМРІ

Drawing2-13

(2) After determining the measurement object, Click^{PgDn}, Enter gate time selection page as shown below:

(3) Click OK Bond, Select a different gate time 10S, 1S, 0.1S, 0.01S, different gate time on the frequency measurement accuracy and measurement speed.

F00000020.00Hz *GATE-TIME:1S

Drawing 2-14

(3) Gate time is determined, $\text{Click}^{\text{PgDn}}$, Enter the measurement results display. The page can display the input measurement results, such as frequency, duty cycle, pulse width, and so the cycle parameters.

10, sweep function

(1) Adjusted to start frequency sweep function settings page, and then adjust the start frequency 5kHz. As shown below:



Drawing2-15

(2) Then click $\frac{PgDn}{PgDn}$ Into the cut-off frequency sweep function settings page, and then adjust the cutoff frequency of 10kHz. As shown below:

*F00010.0000kHz SET SWEEP FREQ2

Drawing2-16

(3) Then click PgDn Enter sweep time setting page, Then click FHIFT + FT The "*" are switched to the second row, Rotation "ADJUST" knob to adjust the sweep time, frequency arbitrarily set the time range between 1-600S, shown in the lower set sweep time 10S:

F00010.00000kHz *SWEEP TIME:01<u>0</u>s

(4) Then click PgDn Enter sweep mode selection screen shown in Figure
2-22, Click OK Bond Select the frequency scan mode. There are two ways to scan frequency, LINE (linear scanning) and LOG (logarithmic sweep).

(5) After determining the scan mode, Click^{PgDn} Enter sweep control page, Then click OK on or off sweep function.

11、Save / Load function

In the main interface, press Pgup or PgDn Enter the parameter to save the page, and then click FHIFT + Press the key combination of "*" consumption is adjusted to the second row in Figure 2-11, then rotate "ADJUST" knob to adjust the save location, this machine a total of 10 sets of parameters stored addresses M0-M9. Machine is turned on by default to read M0 address parameters.

F00010.00000kHz *SAVE: M0

图 2-16

In the main interface, press Pgup or PgDn Enter the parameter to call up the page, then click Press the key combination of "*" consumption is adjusted to the second row in Figure 2-12, then rotate "ADJUST" knob to adjust the save location, this machine a total of 10 sets of parameters stored addresses M0-M9. Machine is turned on by default to read M0 address parameters.

F00010.00000kHz *LOAD: M0

图 2-17

12、 Calibration function

Calibration function is we do a job at the factory, you can consult the factory calibration is required.

Chapter Four PC Instructions

1, install software

Step 1: Install the runtime software visa540_runtime.exe

- Step 2: Install CH341SER the SETUP.exe serial to USB drivers
- Step 3: Install signal generator .exe program

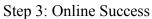
2, online

Step 1: Right-click Computer - Properties - Device Manager - observation assigned to the computer serial port

A 设备管理器	
文件(F) 操作(A) 查看(V) 帮助(H)	
🗢 🏟 📰 🖬 🗛 🖏 🚱	
🖌 🛁 likang-pc	
▷ 🔮 DVD/CD-ROM 驱动器	
▷ 😋 IDE ATA/ATAPI 控制器	
▷ 🔟 便携设备	
▷ 🔲 处理器	
▷ 🧫 磁盘驱动器	
▷ 🦢 电池	
▲ 🚏 端口 (COM 和 LPT)	
USB-SERIAL CH340 (COM9)	
▷ 慢 计算机	
▷ — 100 监视器	
▶	
▶ 4 個人体学输入设备	
▶ 🛶 声音、视频和游戏控制器	
▷ 🖞 鼠标和其他指针设备	
▶ - ● 通用串行总线控制器	
▶ 🔮 网络适配器	
▶ 1 系统设备	

Step 2: Select the appropriate serial line after the point

信号发生器				
端口配置 信号控制 拓展	医功能			退出
1				
	1 MHS-320	0\5200		
	双诵谐D	DS信号发	4 器	
			с "-Ц., НН	
		w + a		
	机器型号	版本号		
			联机	
	产品序列号	端口号		
		1/2 -	断开	
		сомэ		
			本 R 1.4	
	(c)2015-2016 郑	刷新 州明采由子科技者	國公司	
		instek. com 版权		
				 G





Care and maintenance

1. Make sure the input power adapter correctly, the machine uses DC5V power adapter;

2, the instrument display on the LCD module is fragile, perishable items, please do not slam and near chemicals to prevent corrosion. When you feel the liquid surface dust and dirt, wipe with a soft cloth carefully.

3, the working temperature of $-10 \sim 50$ °C, Storage temperature $-20 \sim 70$ °C, and the instrument in a dry environment.

4. Do not attempt to disassemble the equipment, destroy the package will void the warranty. The instrument is there are no user-serviceable parts, repairs may only repair outlets or by specifying the return factory.

5, avoid lighted candles, a water cup, corrosive chemicals and other unsafe items placed on the surface of the instrument, so as not to cause damage to the instrument.

6, the display screen are easy to pollution, fragile device, do not touch the hand as well as external and collision, avoid children play this instrument.

7. Do not move the instrument to avoid severe irreparable damage to the internal circuit when the instrument is working properly.

Exclude the above problem re-power the instrument still does not work, please contact your supplier!